

Proposed Research work
“ Role of libraries in preserving and promoting Kannada Culture and Literature in Hyderabad Karnataka Region”.

Introduction:

Kannada languages in mother tongue prevailed dominantly in Karnataka and it had rich culture, traditions, customs and sahitya which is generated in the form of Books, context the libraries particularly public and Academic Libraries have to play greater role in identifying and providing information services to the academicians and localities.

Due to the emergence of information and communication technology, particularly internet technology, there is tremendous change in the look of libraries. By adopting information technology tools in the libraries it has improved the efficiency of information storage and retrieval services to the users.

The Hyderabad Karnataka region ruled by 7 Nizams 1724 to 1948. During this period Nizams had given to more priority to Urdu Languages. After Sept 17 1948 Library particularly public and Academic libraries occupied significant role in promoting the use of Kannada culture and literature to the citizens of Hyderabad Karnataka region.

Origin of the research problem

Kannada is one of the Oldest Dravidian languages, next to Tamil. The first extant writing in Kannada with a literacy flavor goes back to the Halmidi. Inscription of about 450 A.D. old Kannada literature may be divided into two perods- the beginning upto 850 A.D. and the classical Age, 850-1150. The firt extent work (Book) in Kannada is Kaviraj Marga by shree vijaya (9th Centurey AD) is found at Hyderabad Karnataka